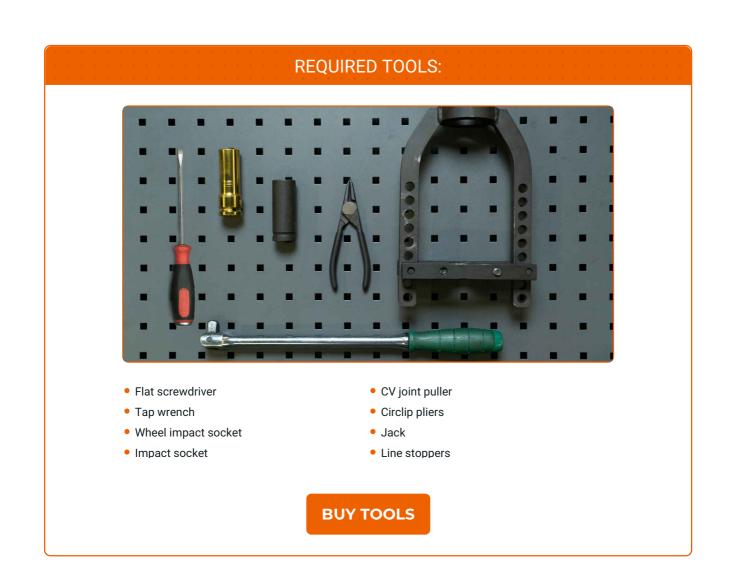
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How to change CV joint on a car – replacement tutorial



VIDEO TUTORIAL





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Please note!

- CV joint stands for constant velocity joint
- It transmits torque from the differential to the wheel via the CV axle shaft
- Each axle shaft has two CV joints
- One on the wheel end of the shaft and one on the other end, at the gearbox or final drive
- Symptoms of a bad CV joint include play or a clicking noise when pulling away or manoeuvering

The fasteners should be loosened while all wheels of the car are on the ground



Please note!

- The outer CV joint is usually a ball-type joint
- It provides effective torque transmission at large articulation angles and compensates for suspension travel



To remove the outer CV joint, you do not need to remove the CV axle, you can just detach it from the wheel hub. As a rule, the CV axle is secured in the hub with a bolt or nut. A cotter pin is also used in some car models



3

Make sure that the CV axle has enough longitudinal travel to allow you to get the CV joint out



4

Knock the CV joint out of the hub by hitting its centre hole



5

Detach the CV joint from the steering knuckle or hub. To do this, you might need to remove the ball joint or detach the steering knuckle from the suspension strut







Then remove the dust boot clamps



AUTODOC recommends:

• To pull this type of CV joint off the axle shaft, you can use the axle bolt



Remove the clamps, pry off the dust boot and make sure it is not stuck to the axle shaft



Important!

- The internal components of the CV joint are sealed with a leak-tight dust boot
- It keeps the grease inside and protects the assembly against harmful environmental influences





Inspect the splines on the axle shaft. Worn splines can cause play in the joint



Please note!

• To disassemble this type of CV joint, you will need special tools



Remove the dust boot clamps



10

Use a puller and the axle nut to remove the CV joint from the axle shaft





Remove the dust boot, thrust washer and plastic bushing that limits the articulation angle of the CV joint



The following signs indicate that the CV joint needs to be replaced:

- a worn inner race
- dull spots on the surfaces of the balls
- a worn or corroded cage
- worn or corroded grooves in the housing



Lubricate the new CV joint if there is no factory grease inside it



AUTODOC experts recommend:

• Please note that the lubricants for the inner and outer CV joints have different compositions

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Apply most of the grease to the inside of the CV joint



14

Tilt the joint in different directions to distribute the lubricant evenly



15

Degrease the CV boot's mounting seat on the axle shaft



16

Slide the dust boot further along the shaft, away from its mounting seat so that it does not get in the way while you are assembling the CV joint



17

Install the circlip



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18

Place the CV joint on the end of the axle shaft



19

Make sure that the CV joint and the axle shaft are aligned



20

Apply force to the joint's housing using an extended driver



21

Or hit the centre hole using a punch



22

Continue doing so until the circlip is in the correct position





Please note!

• When correctly seated, a small amount of axial play in the joint is acceptable

23

Apply the remaining grease to the CV joint



24

Prevent the grease from getting on the dust boot's mounting seat, otherwise the boot will not be secure



25

Carefully install the dust boot on its mounting seat

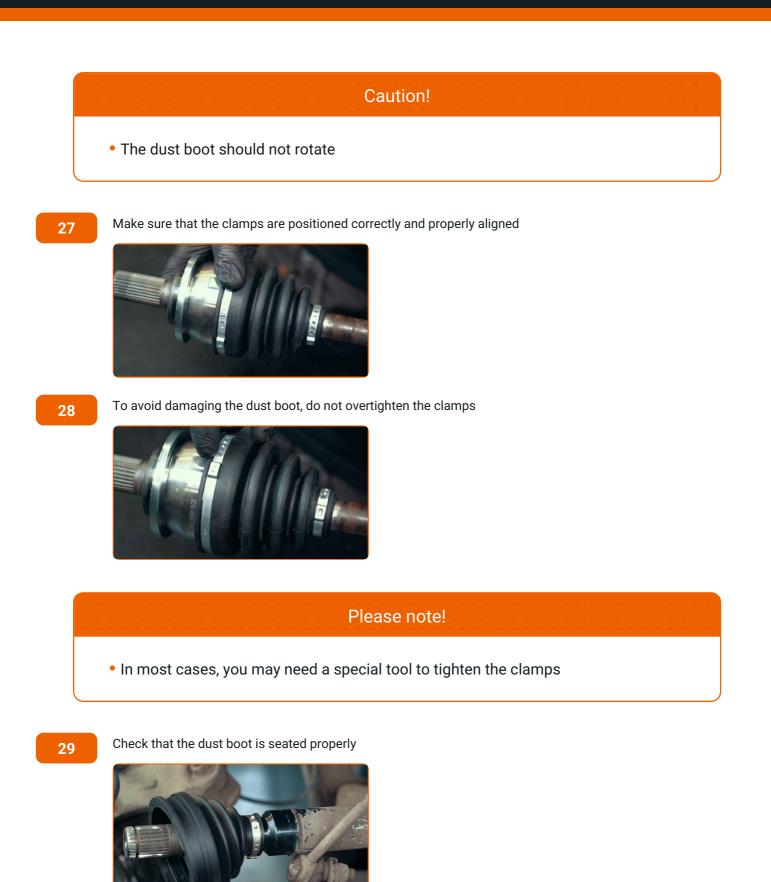


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Check that it fits tightly around the CV joint housing









Turn the boot inside out to avoid smearing it with grease when installing the CV joint



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To install a different type of CV joint, proceed as follows: Fit the thrust washer and plastic bushing



32

Install the circlip



33

Adjust the position of the circlip so that it can be compressed by the internal part of the joint when you apply force to it







Align the splines and place the CV joint on the end of the axle shaft



35

Push the CV joint till it gets past the circlip and install the joint



36

To avoid damage, never hit the splines



37

Apply force to the housing via a sleeve or driver



38

Make sure that no grease has got on the dust boot's mounting seat and degrease it if necessary





Put on the dust boot carefully



40

Check that the clamps and boots are positioned correctly



Please note!

• The inner CV joint is designed as a tripod with rollers that have a bearing inside

• The rollers move back and forth along the grooves inside the housing

 This compensates for suspension travel and ensures consistent power transmission

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To remove the inner CV joint, it is often necessary to dismount the entire CV axle

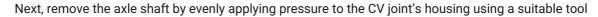




Important!

- Replacing the inner CV joint, which is inserted into the gearbox or final drive, requires draining the transmission fluid
- The inner CV joint can be bolted to a flange on the gearbox
- Assemblies which have their own splined shaft are inserted directly into the gearbox

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If the axle shaft has a flange connection, unscrew the CV joint housing fasteners





AUTODOC recommends:

- To prevent the CV axle from turning, use an air or electric impact wrench to remove the fasteners
- If you do not have one, secure the CV axle with a crowbar
- You can also lock it in place with the brake disc
- 44

Take off the larger clamp and remove the axle shaft from the inner CV joint housing



Important!

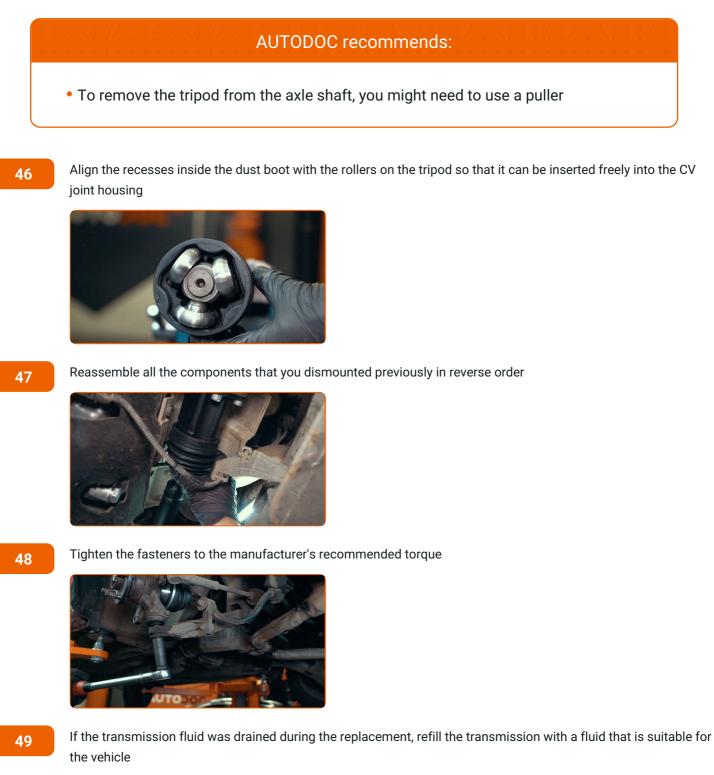
• Please note that the tripod is not installed in the housing, but on the axle shaft



Remove the circlip that secures the tripod to the axle shaft











Tighten the fastener that attaches the CV axle to the wheel hub



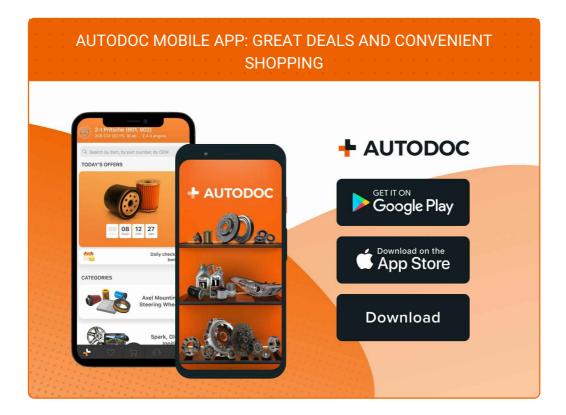
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Install the cotter pin if the car has one





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